

## **Wikiprint Book**

**Title: Fine grained permissions**

**Subject: Tibisay - TracFineGrainedPermissions**

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## Table of Contents

<b>Fine grained permissions</b>	<b>3</b>
Permission Policies	3
AuthzPolicy	3
AuthzSourcePolicy (mod_authz_svn-like permission policy)	4
Trac Configuration	4
Subversion Configuration	5
Debugging permissions	5

## Fine grained permissions

Before Trac 0.11, it was only possible to define fine-grained permissions checks on the repository browser sub-system.

Since 0.11, there's a general mechanism in place that allows custom **permission policy plugins** to grant or deny any action on any kind of Trac resources, even at the level of specific versions of such resources.

Note that for Trac 0.12, `authz_policy` has been integrated as an optional module (in `tracopt.perm.authz_policy.*`), so it's installed by default and can simply be activated via the *Plugins* panel in the Trac administration module.

### Permission Policies

A great diversity of permission policies can be implemented, and Trac comes with a few examples.

Which policies are currently active is determined by a configuration setting in [TracIni](#): e.g.

```
[trac]
permission_policies = AuthzSourcePolicy, DefaultPermissionPolicy, LegacyAttachmentPolicy
```

This lists the [#AuthzSourcePolicy](#) described below as the first policy, followed by the `DefaultPermissionPolicy` which checks for the traditional coarse grained style permissions described in [TracPermissions](#), and the `LegacyAttachmentPolicy` which knows how to use the coarse grained permissions for checking the permissions available on attachments.

Among the possible optional choices, there is [#AuthzPolicy](#), a very generic permission policy, based on an Authz-style system. See [#authz\\_policy.py](#) for details.

Another popular permission policy [#AuthzSourcePolicy](#), re-implements the pre-0.12 support for checking fine-grained permissions limited to Subversion repositories in terms of the new system.

See also [#sample-plugins/permissions](#) for more examples.

### AuthzPolicy

- Install [#ConfigObj](#) (required).
- Copy `authz_policy.py` into your plugins directory.
- Put a [#authzpolicy.conf](#) file somewhere, preferably on a secured location on the server, not readable for others than the webuser. If the file contains non-ASCII characters, the UTF-8 encoding should be used.

Update your `trac.ini`:

modify the [permission\\_policies](#) entry in the `[trac]` section

```
[trac]
...
permission_policies = AuthzPolicy, DefaultPermissionPolicy, LegacyAttachmentPolicy
```

add a new `[authz_policy]` section

```
[authz_policy]
authz_file = /some/trac/env/conf/authzpolicy.conf
```

iii. enable the single file plugin

```
[components]
...
# Trac 0.12
tracopt.perm.authz_policy.* = enabled
# for Trac 0.11 use this
#authz_policy.* = enabled
```

Note that the order in which permission policies are specified is quite critical, as policies will be examined in the sequence provided.

A policy will return either `True`, `False` or `None` for a given permission check. Only if the return value is `None` will the *next* permission policy be consulted. If no policy explicitly grants the permission, the final result will be `False` (i.e. no permission).

For example, if the `authz_file` contains:

```
[wiki:WikiStart@*]
* = WIKI_VIEW

[wiki:PrivatePage@*]
john = WIKI_VIEW
* =
```

and the default permissions are set like this:

```
john          WIKI_VIEW
jack          WIKI_VIEW
# anonymous has no WIKI_VIEW
```

Then:

- All versions of [WikiStart](#) will be viewable by everybody (including anonymous)
- PrivatePage will be viewable only by john
- other pages will be viewable only by john and jack

#### AuthzSourcePolicy (mod\_authz\_svn-like permission policy)

At the time of this writing, the old fine grained permissions system from Trac 0.11 and before used for restricting access to the repository has been converted to a permission policy component, but from the user point of view, this makes little if no difference.

That kind of fine-grained permission control needs a definition file, which is the one used by Subversion's `mod_authz_svn`. More information about this file format and about its usage in Subversion is available in the [Path-Based Authorization](#) section in the Server Configuration chapter of the svn book.

Example:

```
[/]
* = r

[/branches/calc/bug-142]
harry = rw
sally = r

[/branches/calc/bug-142/secret]
harry =
```

- */ = Everyone has read access by default*
- */branches/calc/bug-142 = harry has read/write access, sally read only*
- */branches/calc/bug-142/secret = harry has no access, sally has read access (inherited as a sub folder permission)*

#### Trac Configuration

To activate fine grained permissions you must specify the `authz_file` option in the `[trac]` section of `trac.ini`. If this option is set to null or not specified the permissions will not be used.

```
[trac]
authz_file = /path/to/svnaccessfile
```

If you want to support the use of the `[modulename: /some/path]` syntax within the `authz_file`, add

```
authz_module_name = modulename
```

where *modulename* refers to the same repository indicated by the `repository_dir` entry in the `[trac]` section. As an example, if the `repository_dir` entry in the `[trac]` section is `/srv/active/svn/blahblah`, that would yield the following:

```
[trac]
authz_file = /path/to/svnaccessfile
authz_module_name = blahblah
...
repository_dir = /srv/active/svn/blahblah
```

where the svn access file, `/path/to/svnaccessfile`, contains entries such as `[blahblah:/some/path]`.

**Note:** Usernames inside the Authz file must be the same as those used inside trac.

As of version 0.12, make sure you have *AuthzSourcePolicy* included in the `permission_policies` list in `trac.ini`, otherwise the authz permissions file will be ignored.

```
[trac]
permission_policies = AuthzSourcePolicy, DefaultPermissionPolicy, LegacyAttachmentPolicy
```

## Subversion Configuration

The same access file is typically applied to the corresponding Subversion repository using an Apache directive like this:

```
<Location /repos>
  DAV svn
  SVNParentPath /usr/local/svn

  # our access control policy
  AuthzSVNAccessFile /path/to/svnaccessfile
</Location>
```

For information about how to restrict access to entire projects in a multiple project environment see [wiki:TracMultipleProjectsSVNAccess](#)

## Debugging permissions

In `trac.ini` set:

```
[logging]
log_file = trac.log
log_level = DEBUG
log_type = file
```

And watch:

```
tail -n 0 -f log/trac.log | egrep '\[perm\]|\[authz_policy\]'
```

to understand what checks are being performed. See the sourced documentation of the plugin for more info.

See also: [TracPermissions](#), [TracHacks:FineGrainedPageAuthzEditorPlugin](#) for a simple editor plugin.