

## **Wikiprint Book**

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**Table of Contents**

<b>Trac Backup</b>	<b>3</b>
Creating a Backup	3
Restoring a Backup	3

## Trac Backup

Since Trac uses a database backend, some extra care is required to safely create a backup of a [project environment](#). Luckily, [trac-admin](#) has a command to make backups easier: `hotcopy`.

*Note: Trac uses the `hotcopy` nomenclature to match that of [Subversion](#), to make it easier to remember when managing both Trac and Subversion servers.*

### Creating a Backup

To create a backup of a live [TracEnvironment](#), simply run:

```
$ trac-admin /path/to/projenv hotcopy /path/to/backupdir
```

[trac-admin](#) will lock the database while copying.

The resulting backup directory is safe to handle using standard file-based backup tools like `tar` or `dump/restore`.

Please note, the `hotcopy` command will not overwrite a target directory and when such exists the operation ends with error: `Command failed: [Errno 17] File exists:` This is discussed in [■#3198](#).

### Restoring a Backup

Backups are simply a copied snapshot of the entire [project environment](#) directory, including the SQLite database.

To restore an environment from a backup, stop the process running Trac (i.e. the Web server or [tracd](#)), restore the contents of your backup (`path/to/backupdir`) to your [project environment](#) directory and restart the service.

See also: [TracAdmin](#), [TracEnvironment](#), [TracGuide](#), [■TracMigrate](#)